Henlow Parish Council

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY POLICY

1. Purpose of the IT Policy

Henlow Parish Council recognises the importance of IT systems to support its business operations and communications and the need to safeguard the Council's digital assets.

This policy sets out expectations for the responsible use of IT and provides guidance to help councillors and employees use systems safely and securely.

2. Monitoring of IT Use

As an IT provider, the Council has the right to monitor the use of its IT equipment and systems, provided there is a legitimate reason for doing so and councillors, employees and other authorised users are informed that such monitoring may take place. Any monitoring must be proportionate and comply with relevant data protection and privacy laws.

3. Scope of this policy

This policy applies to all individuals, namely, councillors, employees, and other authorised users ("Users"), of the computer systems and email provided by the Council, regardless of their working pattern or location. It sets out the expectations for the appropriate use of IT equipment and systems provided by the Council.

4. Computer use

4.1 Hardware

4.1.1 Council computer equipment is provided for Council purposes, however reasonable personal use by Users is permitted during official lunch breaks or before or after working hours.

4.1.2 All computer and other electronic equipment supplied should be treated with good care by Users at all times. Computer equipment is expensive, and any damage sustained to any equipment will have a financial impact on the Council.

4.1.3 Computer and electronic hardware should be kept clean, and every precaution taken to prevent food and drink being dropped or spilled onto it.

4.1.4 Equipment should not be dismantled or reassembled without seeking professional advice and with the consent of the Clerk.

4.1.5 Personal disks, USB stick, CDs, DVDs, data storage devices etc cannot be used on Council computers without the prior approval of the Clerk.

4.1.6 Any faults or necessary repairs to Council computers must be reported to the Clerk.

4.2 Portable equipment

4.2.1 Portable equipment includes laptop computers, netbooks, tablets, mobile and smart phones with email capability and access to the internet etc.

4.2.2 It is particularly emphasised that the Council's back-up procedures specific to portable equipment should be followed at all times.

4.2.3 All portable computers must be stored safely and securely when not in use in the office, i.e. when travelling or when working from home. Portable equipment (unless locked in a secure cabinet or office) should be kept with or near the user at all times; should not be left unattended when away from council premises and should never be left in parked vehicles.

4.2.4 It is important to ensure all portable devices are protected with encryption in case they are lost or stolen. Any smartphones or tablets that hold council data, including emails and files, must be protected with a pin code. Where possible, these devices should also be programmed to erase all content after several unsuccessful attempts to break in. Any security set on these devices must not be disenabled or removed.

4.2.5 Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) is a security process that requires users to verify their identity using two or more independent methods—for example, entering a password (something you know) and confirming a code sent to your mobile device (something you have). This significantly reduces the risk of unauthorised access to systems and sensitive data. NALC recommends implementing MFA as a best practice to enhance information security and support compliance with data protection obligations under the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.

4.2.6 If an item of Council portable equipment is lost or damaged this should be reported to the Clerk. If the loss or damage is due to an act of negligence, the User responsible may be liable to meet the amount of the loss/damage.

4.2.7 Under no circumstances should any non-public meeting or conversation be recorded without the permission of those present. This does not affect statutory rights (under The Openness of Local Government Regulations 2014).

4.3 Use of own devices

4.3.1 The Council recognises that Users may wish to use their own smartphones, tablets, laptops etc to access our servers, private clouds or networks for normal council purposes such as reading their emails, accessing documents stored on a shared document folder. Any such use of personal devices will be at the discretion of the Council, but consent for standard systems (MS Windows, Mac OS X, Linux - in commercial configurations) will normally be permitted. Such devices should be kept up to date so that any vulnerabilities in the operating system or other software on the device are appropriately patched or updated. However, the same security precautions apply to personal devices as to the Council's desktop equipment.

4.3.2 Phone calls made to external parties must be made on council landlines or mobile phone numbers to ensure that only these numbers are used and/or stored by the recipient, rather than personal numbers. Any emails sent from own devices should be sent from a Council email account and should not identify the individual's personal email address.

4.3.3 Users are expected to use all devices in an ethical and respectful manner and in accordance with this policy. Accessing inappropriate websites or services on any device via the IT infrastructure that is paid for or provided by the Council carries a high degree of risk, and, for employees, may result in disciplinary action, including summary dismissal (without notice). For Workers or Contractors, we may terminate the worker agreement. This is irrespective of the ownership of the device used. An example would be downloading copyright music illegally or accessing pornographic material.

4.3.4 In cases of legal proceedings against the Council, the Council may need to temporarily take possession of a device, whether council-owned or personal to retrieve the relevant data.

4.3.5 Wherever possible Users should maintain a clear separation between the personal data processed on the Council's behalf and that processed for their own personal use, for example, by using different apps for council and personal use. If the device supports both work and personal profiles, the work profile must always be used for work-related purposes.

4.3.6 Users who intend to use their own devices via the Council's infrastructure must ensure that they:

- use a strong password (i.e. one which uses three random words (e.g. PurpleCandleRiver) or finger print (preferably the latter)" to protect their device(s) from being accessed. For smartphones and tablets this should lock the device after three failed login attempts;
- configure their device(s) to automatically prompt for a password after a period of inactivity of more than five minutes;
- consider password protecting any documents containing confidential information that are sent as attachments to an email, and notify the password separately (preferably by a means other than email);
- for smartphones and tablets, activate the automatic device wipe function (where available). Note that use of the remote wipe function may also involve the removal of

the individual's personal data. Users are therefore advised to keep personal data separate from council data where possible;

- ensure secure WiFi networks are used;
- ensure that work-related data cannot be viewed or retrieved by family or friends who may use the device;
- inform the Clerk if their device(s) is/are lost, stolen, or inappropriately accessed where there is risk of access to council data or resources. To prevent phones being used, they will need to retain the details of their IMEI number and the SIM number of the device as their provider will require this to deactivate it.

4.3.7 Personal data relating to individuals including councillors, staff, and other authorised users, associates, residents, external stakeholders should not be saved to any personal accounts with third-party storage cloud service providers as this may breach data protection legislation or create a security risk if the device is lost or stolen. This applies especially if the passwords used to store/access data are saved onto the device, or if the service permits councillors, staff, and other authorised users to remain logged in between sessions.

4.3.8 Personal information and sensitive data relating to Council business should never be saved on Users own devices as this may breach confidentiality agreements, especially if the device is used by other people from time to time.

4.3.9 If removable media are used to transfer data (e.g. USB drives or CDs), the User must also securely delete the data on the media once the transfer is complete.

4.3.10 Users who open any attachments should ensure that any cached copies are deleted immediately after use. The Clerk will arrange training in doing this if needed. Additional risks include data belonging to the Council being accessed by unauthorised persons if the device(s) is lost, stolen, or used without the owner's permission.

4.3.11 Prior to the disposal of any device that has work data stored on it, and in the event of a user leaving the Council, Users are required to allow the Clerk and any IT provider instructed by the Council access to the device to ensure that all passwords, user access shortcuts and any identifiable data are removed from the device.

4.3.12 Users must take responsibility for understanding how their device(s) work in respect to the above rules if they are accessing Council servers/services via their own IT equipment. Risks to the User's personal device(s) include data loss as a result of a crash of the operating system, bugs and viruses, software or hardware failures and programming errors rendering a device inoperable. The Council will use reasonable endeavours to assist, but Users are personally liable for their own device(s) and for any costs incurred as a result of the above.

5. Health and safety

5.1 Users who work in council offices will be provided with an appropriate workstation.

5.2 The Council has a duty to ensure that regular appropriate eye tests, carried out by a competent person, are offered to employees using display screen equipment.

5.3 Any VDU user who feels that their workstation requires changes to make it compliant must speak to the Clerk or, in the case of the Clerk, they must speak to the Chair of the Personnel Committee. If any hazards are detected at a workstation, including 'noises' from the IT equipment, this should be reported immediately to the Clerk.

6. Password and Authentication Policy

6.1 All user accounts must be protected by strong, secure passwords. The Council should follow the National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC) recommendations for creating passwords using three random words (e.g. PurpleCandleRiver). This method helps create passwords that are both strong and easy to remember, while offering effective protection against common cyber threats such as brute-force attacks. This approach is endorsed in NALC guidance.

In addition to strong passwords, Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) should be enabled wherever possible. MFA requires users to provide two or more independent forms of verification—for example, a password (something you know) and a code sent to your phone (something you have). This significantly reduces the risk of unauthorised access to systems and personal data.

To further strengthen account security:

- Initial user account passwords must be generated by the Council's IT provider.
- Default passwords provided by vendors or the Council's IT provider must be changed immediately upon installation or setup.
- Service or System (e.g. Website) account passwords are generated and managed by the Council's IT provider or the Council's website provider.
- The Council recommends these practices as part of its commitment to robust information security and to support compliance with the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.

For more guidance, see the NCSC's advice on password security: NCSC Password Guidance

6.2 Access to Passwords

- Passwords are personal and must not be shared under any circumstances.
- Only the assigned User of an account may access or use the associated password.
- In exceptional cases (e.g., incident response or employee offboarding), access to system credentials may be granted to authorised personnel from the IT provider with appropriate approvals and logging.
- Administrative credentials must be stored securely and only accessible to authorised personnel with a copy provided to the Chair of the Council in a sealed envelope, only to be accessed in an emergency.

6.3 Password Storage and Management

- Passwords must not be stored in plain text or written down in insecure locations.

- Passwords must be stored using a council-approved, encrypted password manager (e.g., LastPass, Bitwarden, or KeePass).

6.4 Password Change Requirements

- Immediately change password if compromise is suspected.

6.5 Password Access Control and Logging

- All access to administrative or shared credentials must be logged and auditable.
- Attempts to access unauthorised passwords will be treated as a security incident.

6.6 Responsibility

- Users are responsible for creating and maintaining secure passwords for their accounts.

The Council's IT security provider is responsible for:

- Managing system/service credentials.
- Enforcing password policies. Auditing and monitoring password-related security practices.

7. Monitoring

7.1 The Council reserves the right to monitor and maintain logs of computer usage and inspect any files stored on its network, servers, computers, or associated technology to ensure compliance with this policy as well as relevant legislation. Internet, email, and computer usage is continually monitored as part of the Council's protection against computer viruses, ongoing maintenance of the system, and when investigating faults.

7.2 The Council will monitor the use of electronic communications and use of the internet in line with the Investigatory Powers (Interception by Councils etc for Monitoring and Record-keeping Purposes) Regulations 2018.

7.3 Monitoring of an employee's email and/or internet use will be conducted in accordance with an impact assessment that the Council has carried out to ensure that monitoring is necessary and proportionate. Monitoring is in the Council's legitimate interests and is to ensure that this policy is being complied with.

7.4 The information obtained through monitoring may be shared internally, including with relevant councillors and IT staff if access to the data is necessary for performance of their roles. The information may also be shared with external HR or legal advisers for the purposes of seeking professional advice. Any external advisers will have appropriate data protection policies and protocols in place.

7.5 The information gathered through monitoring will be retained only long enough for any breach of this policy to come to light and for any investigation to be conducted.

7.6 Users have a number of rights in relation to their data, including the right to make a subject access request and the right to have data rectified or erased in some circumstances. You can find further details of these rights and how to exercise them in the Council's Data Protection Policy.

7.7 Such monitoring and the retrieval of the content of any messages may be for the purposes of checking whether the use of the system is legitimate, to find lost messages or to retrieve messages lost due to computer failure, to assist in the investigation of wrongful acts, or to comply with any legal obligation.

7.8 The Council reserves the right to inspect all files stored on its computer systems in order to assure compliance with this policy. The Council also reserves the right to monitor the types of sites being accessed and the extent and frequency of use of the internet at any time, both inside and outside of working hours to ensure that the system is not being abused and to protect the Council from potential damage or disrepute.

7.9 Any use that the Council considers to be 'improper', either in terms of the content or the amount of time spent on this, may result in disciplinary proceedings.

7.10 All computers will be periodically checked and scanned for unauthorised programmes and viruses.

8. Remote working

Increased IT security measures apply to those who work away from their normal place of work (e.g. whilst travelling, working from home or any other different venue), as follows:

- the location and direction of the screen should be checked to ensure confidential information is out of view. Steps should be taken to avoid messages being read by other people, including other travellers on public transport etc;
- any data printed should be collected and stored securely;
- all electronic files should be password protected and the data saved to the Council's system/services when accessible;
- any data should be kept safely and should only be disposed of securely;
- papers, files, data sticks/storage, flash drive or backup hard drives should not be left unattended in cars, except where it is entirely unavoidable for short periods, in which case they must be locked in the boot of the car. If staying away overnight, council data should be taken into the accommodation, care being taken that it will not be interfered with by others or inadvertently destroyed;
- where possible the ability to remotely wipe any mobile devices that process sensitive information should be retained in the case of loss or theft;

9. Email

9.1 Council email facilities are intended to promote effective and speedy communication on work-related matters. Although we encourage the use of email, it can be risky. Councillors, staff, and other authorised users need to be careful not to introduce viruses onto Council systems and should take proper account of the security advice below.

9.2 On occasion, it will be quicker to action an issue by telephone or face to face, rather than via protracted email chains. Emails should not be used as a substitute for face to face or telephone conversations. Users are expected to decide which is the optimum channel of communication to complete their tasks quickly and effectively.

9.3 These rules are designed to minimise the legal risks run when using email at work and to Users as to what may and may not be done. If there is something which is not covered in the policy, councillors, staff, and other authorised users should ask the Clerk rather than assuming they know the right answer.

9.4 Users who need to use email as part of their role will be given their own Council email address and account. The Council may, at any time, withdraw email access, should it feel that this is no longer necessary for the role or that the system is being abused.

9.5 Email messages sent on the council's account are for council use only. Personal use is not permitted.

10. Use of the Internet

10.1 Copyright

10.1.1 Much of what appears on the Internet is protected by copyright. Any copying without permission, including electronic copying, is illegal and therefore prohibited. The Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 set out the rules. The copyright laws not only apply to documents but also to software. The infringement of the copyright of another person or organisation could lead to legal action being taken against the Council and damages being awarded, as well as disciplinary action, including dismissal, being taken against the perpetrator.

10.1.2 It is easy to copy electronically, but this does not make it any less an offence. The Council's policy is to comply with copyright laws, and not to bend the rules in any way.

10.1.3 Users should not assume that because a document or file is on the internet, it can be freely copied. There is a difference between information in the 'public domain' (which is no longer confidential or secret information but is still copyright protected) and information which is not protected by copyright (such as where the author has been dead for more than 70 years).

10.1.4 Usually, a website will contain copyright conditions; these warnings should be read before downloading or copying.

10.1.5 Copyright and database right law can be complicated. Users should check with the Clerk if unsure about anything.

10.2 Trademarks, links and data protection

10.2.1 The Council does not permit the registration of any new domain names or trademarks relating to the Council's names or products anywhere in the world, unless authorised to do so. Nor should they add links from any of the council's web pages to any other external sites without checking first with the Clerk.

10.2.2 Special rules apply to the processing of personal and sensitive personal data. For further guidance on this, see the council's Data Protection Policy.

10.3 Accuracy of information

One of the main benefits of the internet is the access it gives to large amounts of information, which is often more up to date than traditional sources such as libraries. Be aware that, as the internet is uncontrolled, much of the information may be less accurate than it appears.

11. Use of Social Media

Users are required to comply with the Council's Social Media Policy.

12. Misuse

Misuse of IT systems and equipment is not in line with the Council's standards of conduct and will be taken seriously. Any inappropriate or unauthorised use may lead to formal action, including disciplinary proceedings or, in serious cases, dismissal.

Note: This document is based on the NALC Model IT Policy.

Revision History

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